

# System-Level Programming

## 35 Organisation of Memory – Stack

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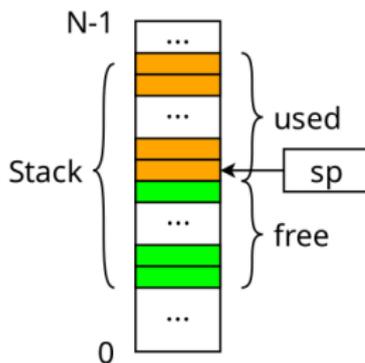
Summer Term 2024

<http://sys.cs.fau.de/lehre/ss24>



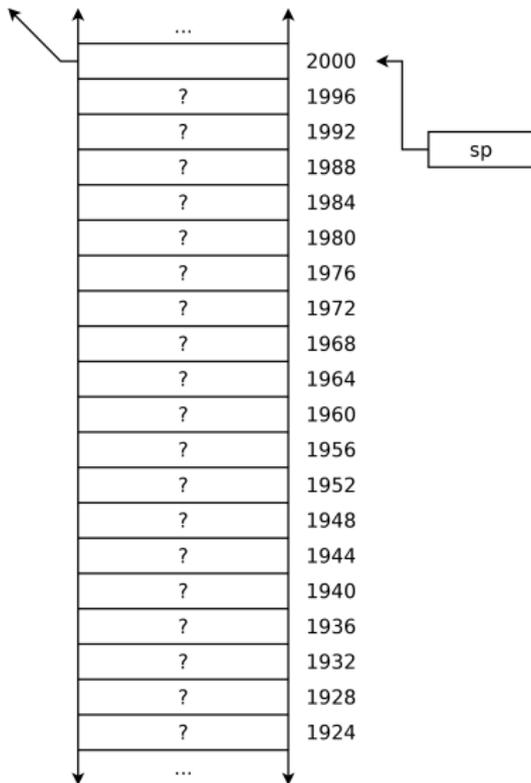
# Dynamic Allocation of Memory – Stack

- Local variables, function parameters, and return addresses are organized by the compiler on the **stack**
- The stack is part of the main memory
- The processor register **sp** “**Stack Pointer**” always points to the last allocated memory on stack
- The stack “grows” “top to bottom”  
⇒ **sp** always points to the start of the stack’s used part



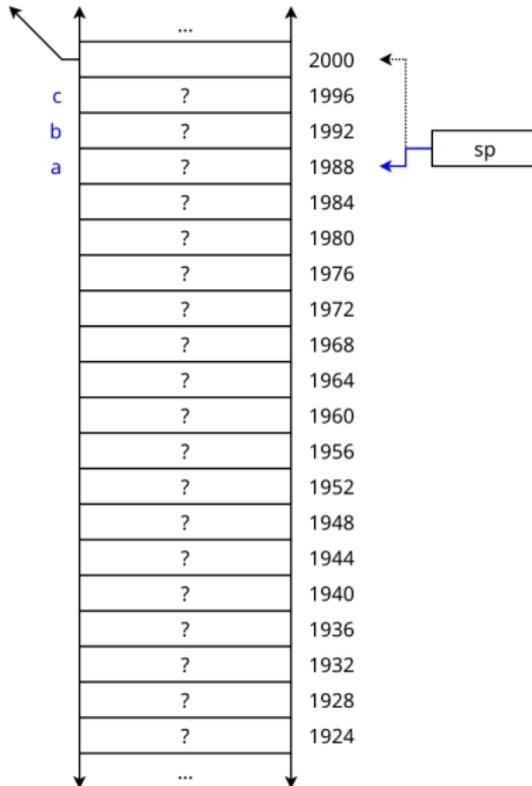
# Dynamic Allocation of Memory – Stack

```
void main(void) {  
    int a, b, c;  
  
    a = 10;  
    b = 20;  
    f1(a, b + 1);  
    b = f3(a);  
    return b;  
}  
  
void f1(int x, int y) {  
    int i[3];  
    x++;  
    f2(x);  
}  
  
void f2(int z) {  
    int m;  
    m = 100;  
}  
  
int f3(int z1, int z2, int z3) {  
    int m;  
    return m;  
}
```



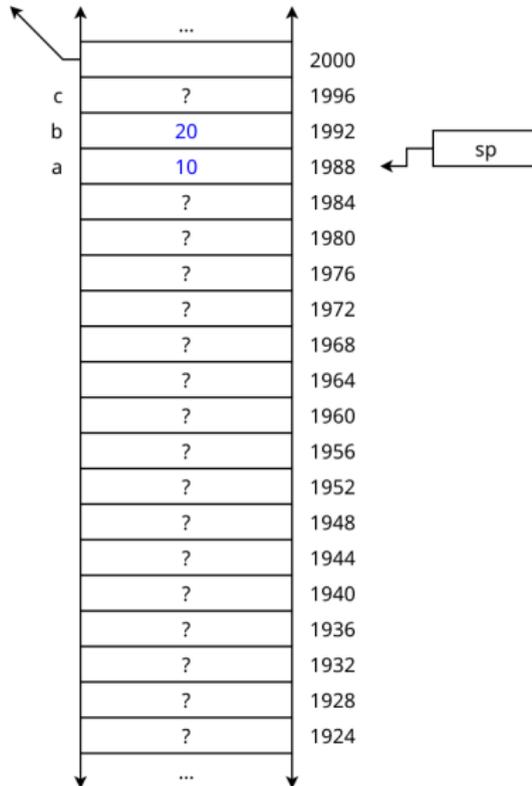
# Dynamic Allocation of Memory – Stack

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    int m;  
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}  
  
int f3(int z1, int z2, int z3) {  
    int m;  
    return m;  
}  
  
Creating a, b, c
```



# Dynamic Allocation of Memory – Stack

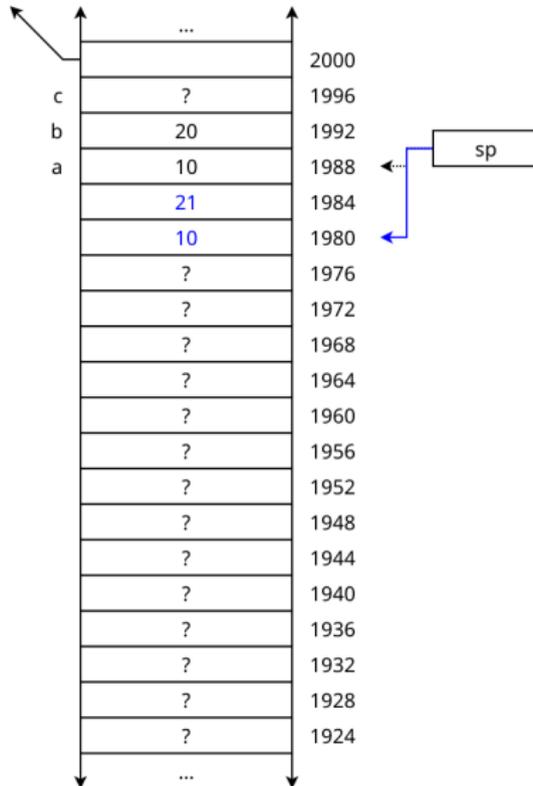
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void f1(int x, int y) {  
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    x++;  
    f2(x);  
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void f2(int z) {  
    int m;  
    m = 100;  
}  
  
int f3(int z1, int z2, int z3) {  
    int m;  
    return m;  
}  
  
Writing of a, b
```



# Dynamic Allocation of Memory – Stack

```
void main(void) {  
    int a, b, c;  
  
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    int m;  
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}  
  
int f3(int z1, int z2, int z3) {  
    int m;  
    return m;  
}
```

Calculating parameters



# Dynamic Allocation of Memory – Stack

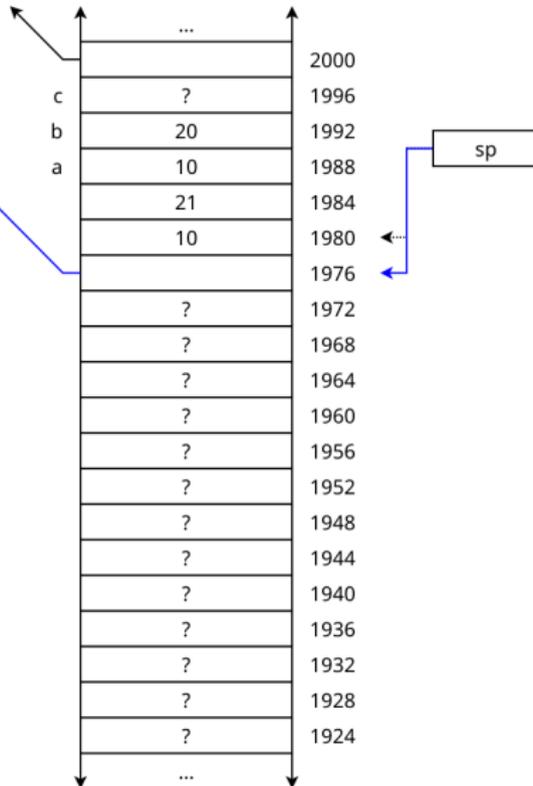
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    int a, b, c;  
  
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    f1(a, b + 1);  
    b = f3(a);  
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}
```

```
void f1(int x, int y) {  
    int i[3];  
    x++;  
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void f2(int z) {  
    int m;  
    m = 100;  
}
```

```
int f3(int z1, int z2, int z3) {  
    int m;  
    return m;  
}
```

Storing the return address



# Dynamic Allocation of Memory – Stack

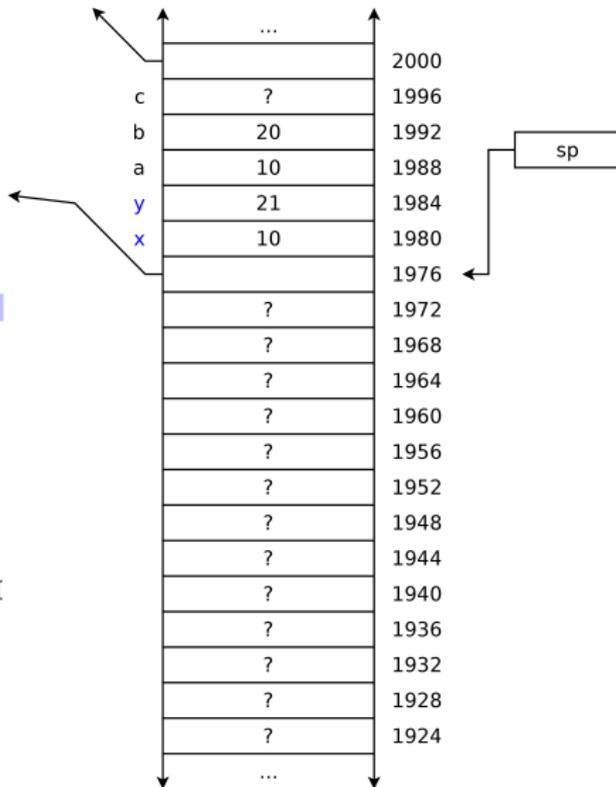
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    int a, b, c;  
  
    a = 10;  
    b = 20;  
    f1(a, b + 1);  
    b = f3(a);  
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}
```

```
void f1(int x, int y) {  
    int i[3];  
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void f2(int z) {  
    int m;  
    m = 100;  
}
```

```
int f3(int z1, int z2, int z3) {  
    int m;  
    return m;  
}
```

Start f1



# Dynamic Allocation of Memory – Stack

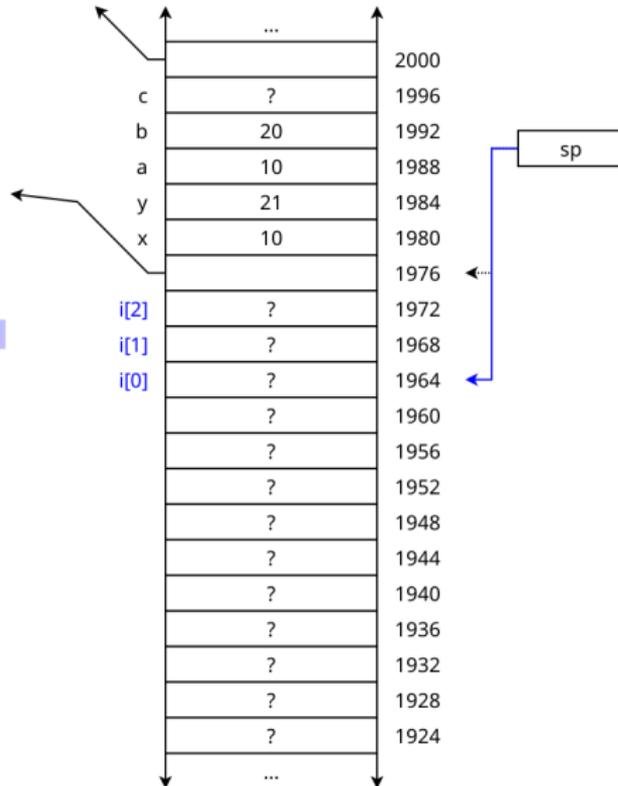
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    int a, b, c;  
  
    a = 10;  
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void f1(int x, int y) {  
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void f2(int z) {  
    int m;  
    m = 100;  
}
```

```
int f3(int z1, int z2, int z3) {  
    int m;  
    return m;  
}
```

Creating i[0]...i[2]



# Dynamic Allocation of Memory – Stack

```
void main(void) {
    int a, b, c;

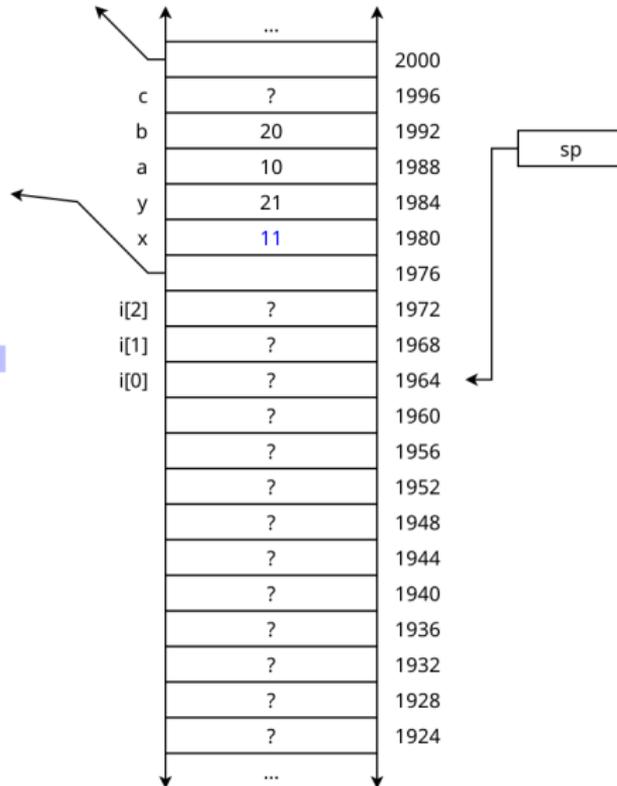
    a = 10;
    b = 20;
    f1(a, b + 1);
    b = f3(a);
    return b;
}

void f1(int x, int y) {
    int i[3];
    x++;
    f2(x);
}

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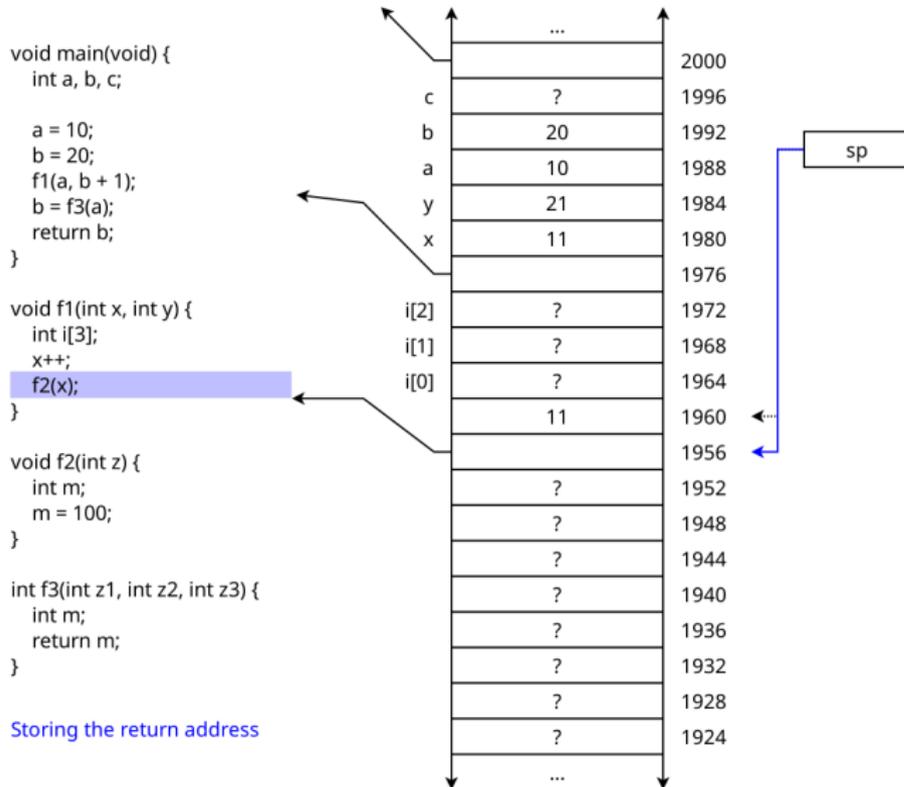
int f3(int z1, int z2, int z3) {
    int m;
    return m;
}
```

Incrementing x



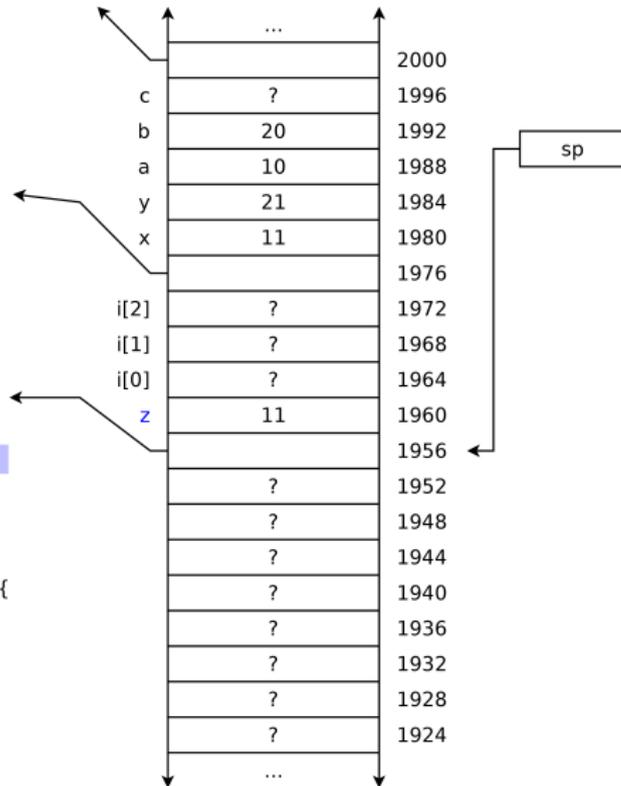


# Dynamic Allocation of Memory – Stack



# Dynamic Allocation of Memory – Stack

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void f1(int x, int y) {  
    int i[3];  
    x++;  
    f2(x);  
}  
  
void f2(int z) {  
    int m;  
    m = 100;  
}  
  
int f3(int z1, int z2, int z3) {  
    int m;  
    return m;  
}  
  
Start f2
```



# Dynamic Allocation of Memory – Stack

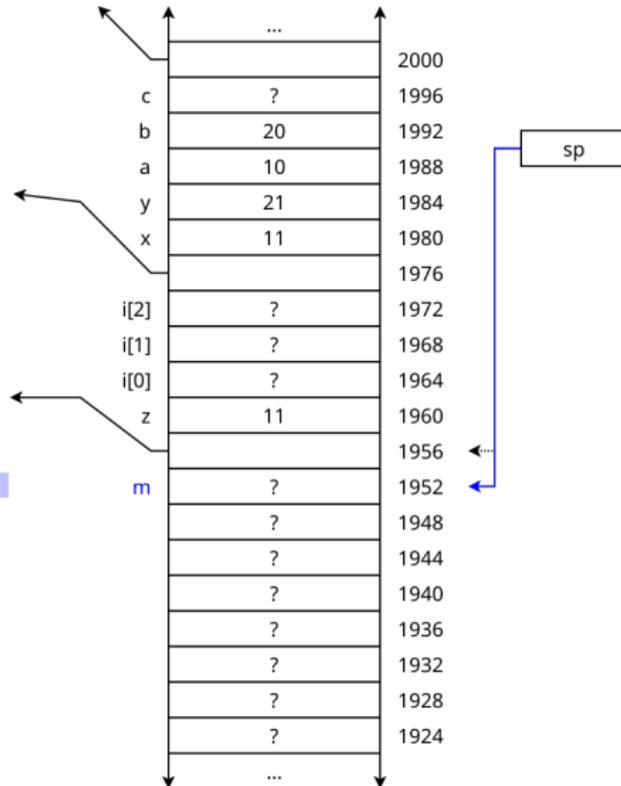
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    int a, b, c;  
  
    a = 10;  
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    b = f3(a);  
    return b;  
}
```

```
void f1(int x, int y) {  
    int i[3];  
    x++;  
    f2(x);  
}
```

```
void f2(int z) {  
    int m;  
    m = 100;  
}
```

```
int f3(int z1, int z2, int z3) {  
    int m;  
    return m;  
}
```

Creating m



# Dynamic Allocation of Memory – Stack

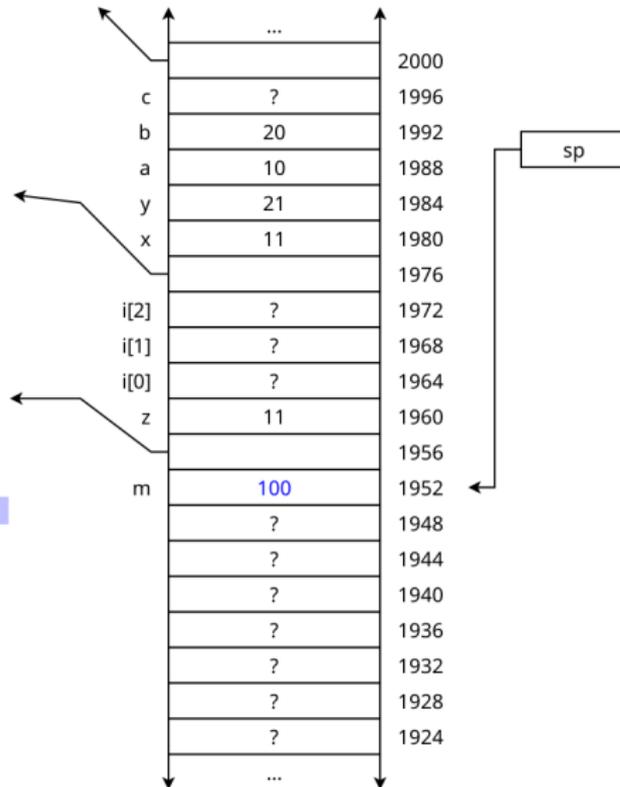
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    b = f3(a);  
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}
```

```
void f1(int x, int y) {  
    int i[3];  
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    f2(x);  
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void f2(int z) {  
    int m;  
    m = 100;  
}
```

```
int f3(int z1, int z2, int z3) {  
    int m;  
    return m;  
}
```

Writing of m



# Dynamic Allocation of Memory – Stack

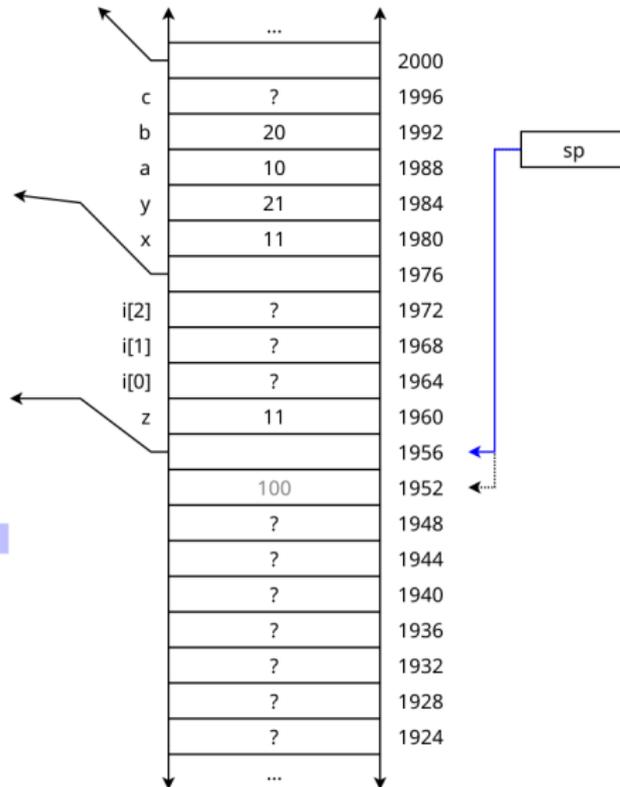
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void f1(int x, int y) {  
    int i[3];  
    x++;  
    f2(x);  
}
```

```
void f2(int z) {  
    int m;  
    m = 100;  
}
```

```
int f3(int z1, int z2, int z3) {  
    int m;  
    return m;  
}
```

Removing m



# Dynamic Allocation of Memory – Stack

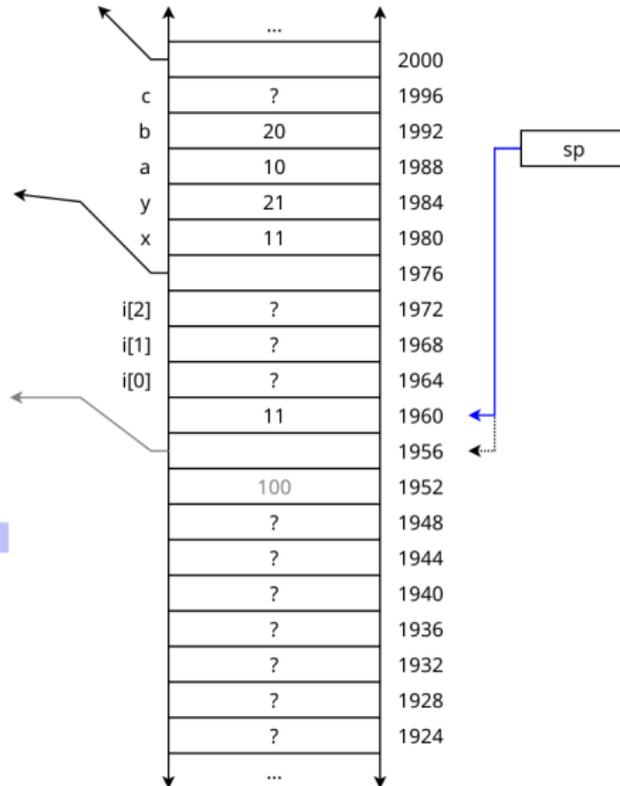
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    int a, b, c;  
  
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    b = f3(a);  
    return b;  
}
```

```
void f1(int x, int y) {  
    int i[3];  
    x++;  
    f2(x);  
}
```

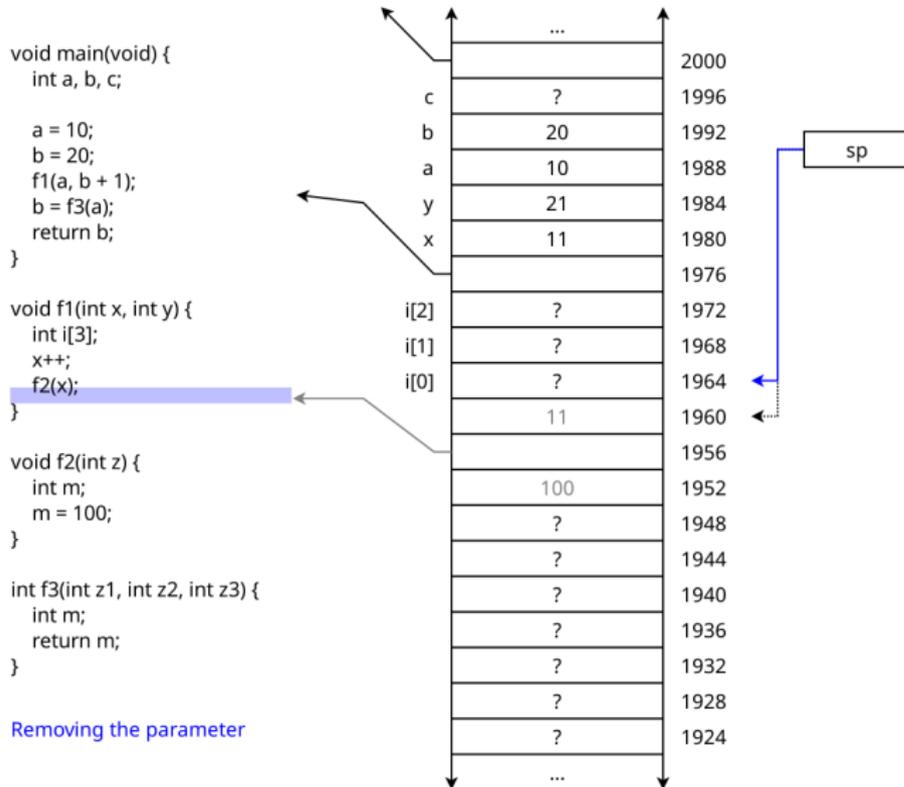
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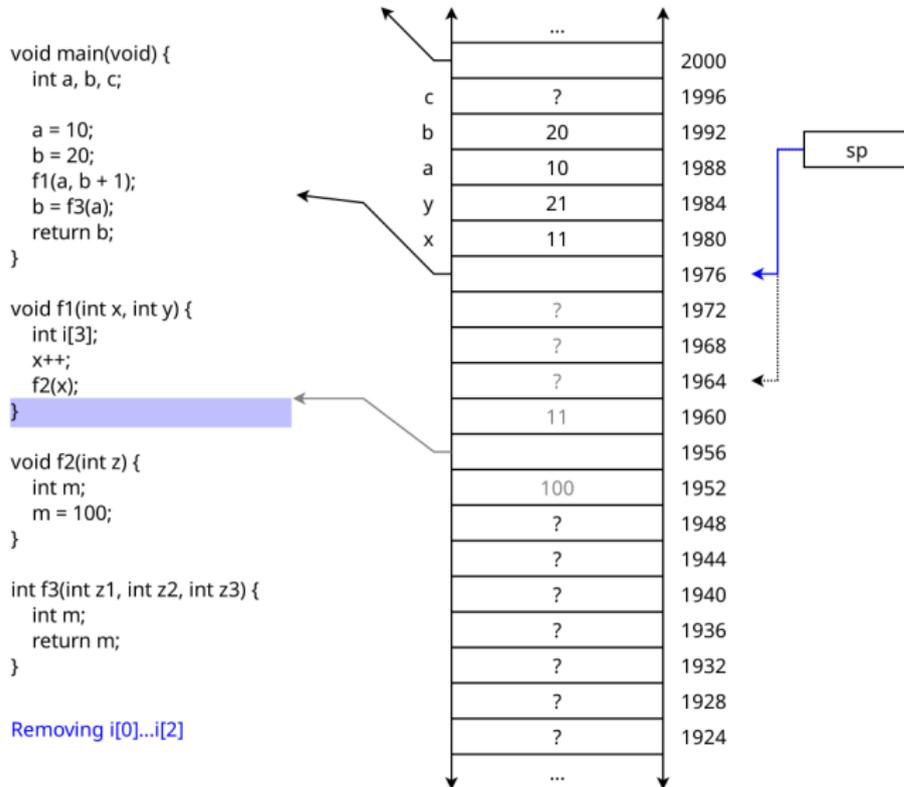
Return



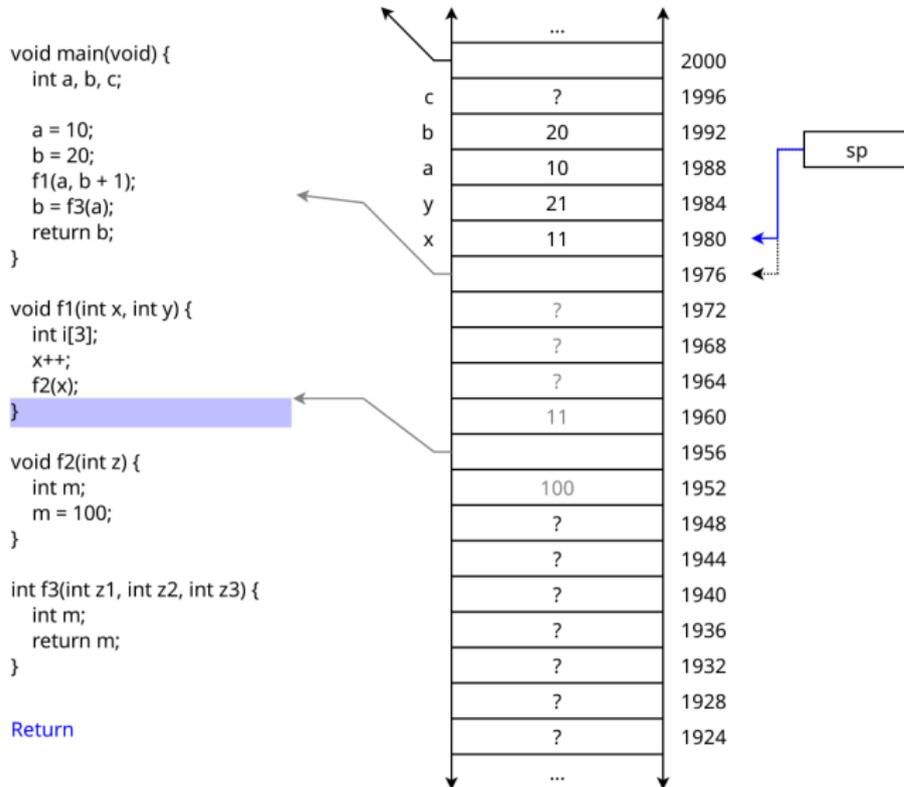
# Dynamic Allocation of Memory – Stack



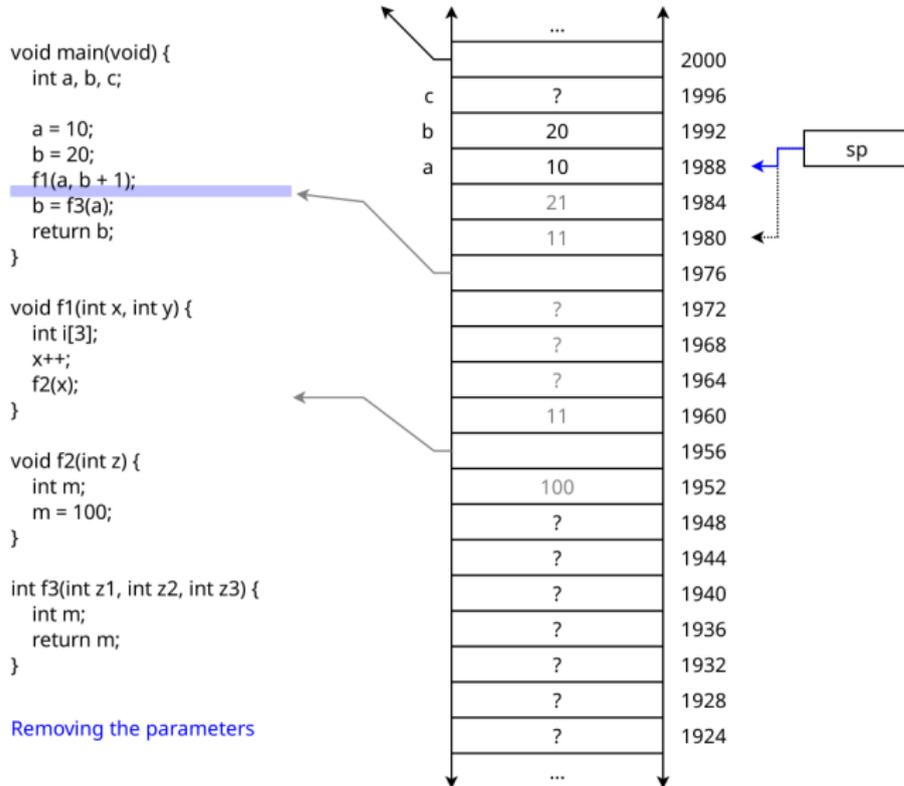
# Dynamic Allocation of Memory – Stack



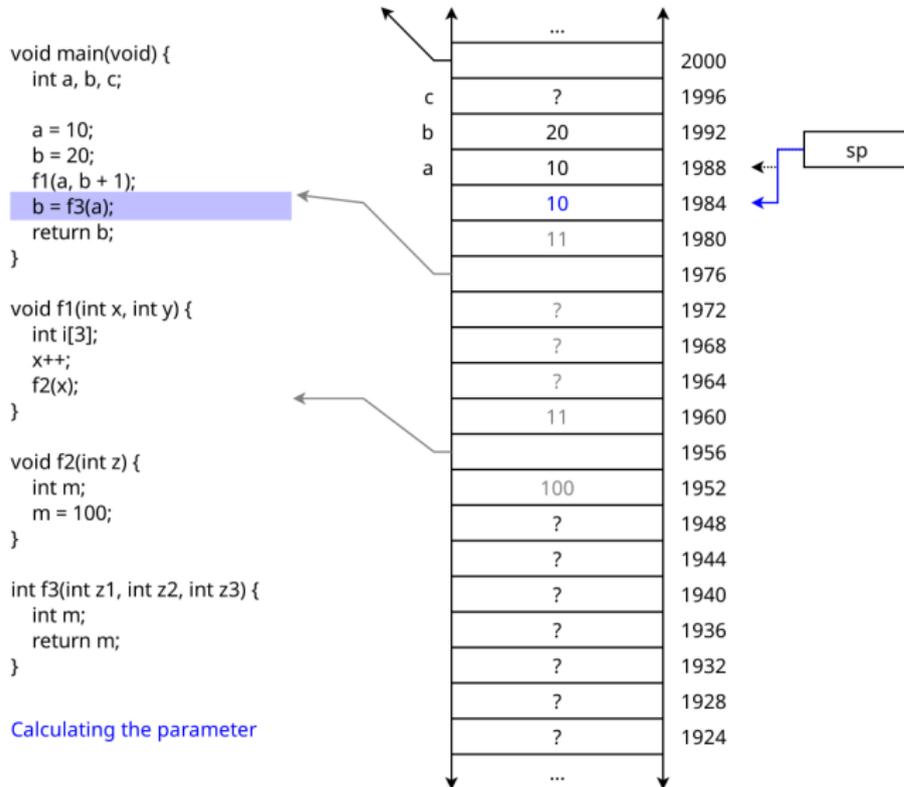
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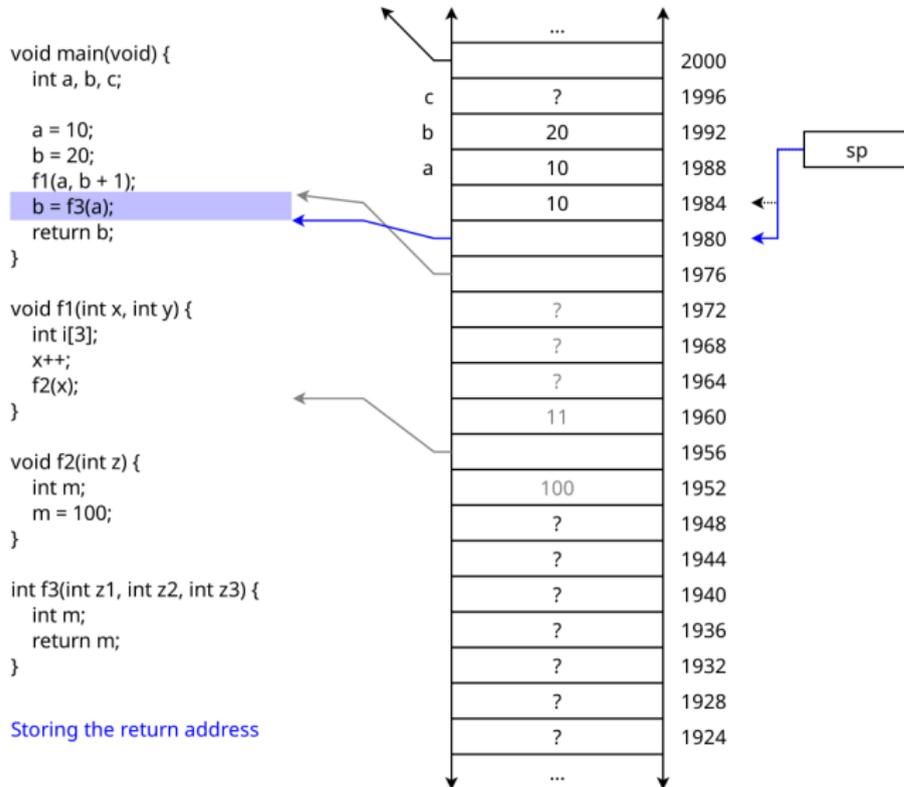
# Dynamic Allocation of Memory – Stack



# Dynamic Allocation of Memory – Stack



# Dynamic Allocation of Memory – Stack



# Dynamic Allocation of Memory – Stack

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    return b;  
}
```

```
void f1(int x, int y) {  
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void f2(int z) {  
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}
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```
int f3(int z1, int z2, int z3) {  
    int m;  
    return m;  
}
```

Start f3

